(Continued from page 1.) The Legi-lative Assembly.

Noble Smith moved: that the sergeant at-arms cause each member of the Lecisla ture to be supplied daily with one copy each of the following daily newspapers, published in Honolulu: P. C. Advertiser, Daily Bulletin, Ko Hawaii Pae Aina, Ke-Alakai o Hawaii.

Nobie Waterbouse moved to amend by adding the Ka Maksainena. Noble Widemann wanted no papers Said that the papers made terrible perver us of what happens in the house, and asked the President to look in last Toes-day's Advertiser and see if such perversions

Bep Kalaukoa moved to insert the Kuoton, that the reporters be instructed to report every day's proceedings correctly, not to give one member's speech and leave another out, and if the reporters do not report properly, expel them.

Rep. Kamauoha said if the house takes

one paper, it ought to take them all. Rep. Kinney said there were some papers to which the houseowes a great deal. Some of them had maintained a continuous system of misrepresentation of facts which were sent abroad. Some had borne the burden and heat of the day in the conflict for reform; at great odds. The public owes a great debt to the Kuokoa, in that it had carried on, in a quiet way, a bold fight for the right, often at great financial loss. Let each member select what papers he wants and have them supplied to order by the

Noble Smith accepted the amendments to add Ka Maksainana and the Kuokea. Rep. Kinney moved the following

Resolved that each member of the house furnish the clerk with the list of city papers that he may desire and that the clerk secure the same at terms to be fixed by him

Rep. Nakaleka moved: that whereas it is reported that the contract for supplying firewood to the leper settlement on Molo-kal had been awarded to the Hon. J. I. Dowsett and that wood was sold to lepers for \$8 a cord; that instructions be given to supply lepers with firewood free and that those who have paid for their wood be re-funded. Referred to the samilary commit-

Nobie Baidwin moved: that the committee of Finance be authorized to employ an expert to examine into the department ac-counts. Adopted.

Noble Smith moved: that a committee be appointed to draft a reply to His Majes-ty's speech. Carried. The President ap-pointed a committee consisting of Noble Baldwin and Reps, Kinney and Pachaole. QUESTIONS TO MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

Rep. Pachaole asked the President of the Board, through the Minister of Interior. (1) what measures have been taken by the Board of. Health regarding the cure of lep-rusy and what efforts had been made to save the native race from the disease, (2) does the Board of Health intend to secure the services of Dr. Unna or Dr. Goto, (3) in regard to Keanu, the prisoner who was inoculated with improvy, is it true that he has taken the disease?

ANSWERS BY MINISTER OF INTERIOR. Minister Thurston, in answer to Rep.

Pachaola's enquiries, said the government were in correspondence with Dr. Unna and expect further advices from him by next small. As to Keanu, he has the leprosy. Answers to the remaining interrogatories of the hou, member will be set forth in full in the report of the President of the Board

In answer to the questions of the hon-Mr. Helekunibi propounded on Wednes-day, the Minister read the following:

The number of lepers collected, from Jan. 1, to May 30, is 239. The number of lepers sent from Kuknake Kalawao during the same period was

the number now at Kakaako is 55.

The number of lepers at Kalawao, on May 22, was 863.

The mild cases room and eat separately from bud cases at Kakuako All at Asksako are under treatment None have been cured. The number discharged will be stated as soon as ascer-NOTICES OF NEW BILLS.

Rep. Kamauoha gave notice that, at a foture day, he would introduce: Au Act to make the Konohiki fisheries free to the people, and to repeal sections 387, 388, 389, 380, 391, 392, 394, 390 and 396

of the Civil Code. An Act to provide for the erection of leper hospitals in all the election districts of the Kingdom, and to amend Section 4. Chapter 24, session laws of 1884.

Noble Hitchcock gave notice of the following: An act to amend an Act entitled "an Act to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors," and amendments theret-

An Act to repeal Chapter 61 of the Penal Code, "to prevent married persons from de-ersing each other."

Rep. Descon gave notice of a bill en-An Act to amend Section 52 Chapter

of the compiled laws, relating to stamp duties. Rep. F. Brown gave notice of: An Act to amend Section 12, Chapter XLIV., of the session laws of 1882.

NEW BILLS. Rep. Kalaukoa read a first time:

An Act to appropriate money for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Legislative session of the year 1888 from the public Treasury.

On suspension of the rules, the bill was read a second time by sitle, and referred

to the Finance Committee. Rep. Kamauoha read a first time a bill to amend Article 31 of the Constitution, so

Article 31. The person of the King is in-violable and sacred. His Ministers are responsible. To the King belongs the ex-ecutive power. All laws that have passed the Legislature shall require His Majesty's

signature, in order to their validity, ex-cept as provided in Article 4s. Referred to the Printing Committee. Minister Austin read a first time by title.

on suspension of the rules:
An Act relating to the military forces of An Act to authorize the establishment

of a Parcels Post, domestic and foreign.

An Act to provide for the registration of prints and labels. An Act to smend an Act to regulate the

issuing of patents, approved August 29, An Act to provide for the registration of copyrights.

An Act to limit the time within which

Chinese return permits may be used. Referred to the Printing Committee. Noble Castle read a first time, by title

An Act to regulate the practice of den-tistry in the Hawaiian Kingdom. Rep. Helekunihi read, in Hawaiian, a first time, the bill given notice of on Wednesday.

The bill, not being accompanied by an

English translation, was returned to the Rep. Kamaucha rend a first time:

An Act to repeal Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7, Chapter XLIII., session laws of 1882, retating to the dog tax. Referred to the Printing Committee.

VARIOUS MATTERS. The President read a communication from the Auditor-General, accompanying his report. The report was referred to the

Minister Thurston laid before the House a claim by Mr. E. B. Thomas, building contractor, for a balance of \$875.98 on the Police building. Referred to the Finance

The following committees, appointed at the special session, were notified by their respective Chairmen to meet after adjournment: Leprosy, Prisons, Crown Lands.

The House adjourned at 11:25 a. m. to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Fourth Bay.

FRIDAY, June 1, 1888. The House met at 10 o'clock, the President, Hon. S. G. Wilder, in the Chair.

Minutes of third day's session were read

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. Prisons-The following report was read by Noble Smith: To the Hon, S. G. Wilder, President of the Legislature of the H. waiian Kingdom.
-Your Special Committee on prisons and management of prisons, appointed at the last session of the Legislature, beg leave to

present the following report: The committee have sought to obtain formation relating to the prisons and jails of the Kingdom, and the manner in which the prisoners are cared for, and although several months have elapsed, since their appointment, they have not collected

all the facts they have desired. Oahu Prison-To this prison our atten-tion has been chiefly directed, both on ount of its importance and because of the facility of obtaining facts relating to it. From the personal inspection of bers of the committee and information of tained from other sources, we find much to commend in the management of the son under the present jailor, Captain

The cells, premises and property of the crison are all cared for, the cleanliness nd order maintained are excellent and the economical management attests the watchful and the prodent care of the

officers in charge.

The system of employing the prisoners upon the roads and other public works is practically the same which has been followed for many years. The committee were pleased, however, to note that the practice of sending individual prisoners to work during the day for private parties, as also permitting prisoners to drive mule carts in work upon the roads, has been al-

nest wholly discontinued The system of employing persons upon rock such as various branches of road making on the wharves, at the Government building, and at the Insone Asylum, not conducive to good discipline, for when divided into many small companies. proper supervision cannot be maintained out the practice followed in the past of biring them to work for private parties about town was productive of much greater evils, and should never again be permitted. It is to be regretted that suitable and

ofitable work cannot be provided on the ison premises for all of the prisoners. There are many objections to the nature the present employment; men of all ages, nationalities, and degrees of guilt are alike exposed to the public gaze while at work. Under the present system cras-

sification of the prisoners, in a degree to be of any value, is very difficult.

Among the improvements which are needed in the buildings and on the grounds at Oabu Prison, are: More cells for the accommodation of

risoners, and a better arrangement for cking the cell doors; Better bathing and closet arrangements; roper sewerage from the baths, closets

Cells-There are at present but 84 cells available for occupation, while there is an average of 140 prisoners confined in the It is very desirable that each prisoner should be placed in a cell by himself. The practice of confining more than one risoner in each cell is pernicious, and has een discarded wherever practicable in en-

ightened countries.
This can only be accomplished by enargingt he grounds and erecting more uildings for the present grounds are insuf-cient, but we deem it of sufficient importance to recommend that plans for ening more ground and of new buildings, and estimates of cost, be ordered to be made by the Superintendent of Public Works and reported to the Legislature as early as practicable.

The average number of prisoners confined in Oahu Prison during each of the last six biennial periods has been as fol-

Two years ending March 81, 1878, an average of —; 1890, 115, 1882, 159; 1884, 153; 1886, 172.12; 1888, 140.49. The present method of securing the cell lock each door with a separate padlock, which appears to be dangerous. The floors, partitions between the cells, and the doors are all made of wood, and in case of fire

it might be impossible to unlock all of the ors and some of the prisoners would perish. Uaptain Staples stated to the committee that a feasible and safe method could be adopted by, which all of the doors in each corridor could be locked and unlocked from a station at the end of the corridors.

We recommend that attention be given to the subject. Baths and Closets-The present provisions for bathing and water-closets are in-adequate. Both have been much im-

proved within a few years, but they could be much further improved at a small ex-Sewerage-There are no proper sewers or drains leading from the prison grounds. and the health of the inmates is endang-ered in consequence. The location of the

prison is such that proper sewers can be constructed at small costs. While there are other improvements in the buildings and grounds that we might

suggest, the foregoing appear to the com-active to be those most needed.

Prison Discipline—It is upon the subject of prison discipline that the committee feel the most hesitation in offering recom-

mendations.

It is a subject that has received, and is receiving, the most thoughtful attention of men of experience in the enlightened countries of the world. Various systems and methods have been adopted, and radical changes have been made in many of the large prisons in the cu toms and usages

which formerly prevailed.

The theory that the object of imprisonment is solely to punish the offender, has given place to the broader view that it is also for the protection and benefit of society by placing him for a period where he can do no harm and where every reasonable influence may be exerted to make him again a iseful member of society.

But in applying these modern principles there are so many considerations to be weighed that very lew of them can be adopted with safety until they have been fully considered by persons who have had sufficient opportunities for observing the workings of the existing system, and who can suggest m. diffications which will adapt them to the situation.

For these reasons and on general princi ples, we urge the appointment of a Board of Prison Inspectors or Managers, who shall

opervise the prison discipline. Such directors or managers are deemed of great importance in many of the United of great importance in many to the contest States, and the suggestion is not new here, for the laws of 1851 provided for the ap-pointment of Prison Inspectors on the islands of Hawaii, Mani, Oshnand Kausi. and for several years such Inspectors were appointed; and in 1884, upon the recommendation of a committee appointed to report upon the police and prisons, a bill was introduced providing for a Board of Inspectors, which was adopted by the Legislature, but failed to receive the appointed by the legislature.

Proval of the King.
Your committee do not deem it necessary to enter upon an argument upon the matters suggested in this report, nor to attempt to present all the advantages which would result, but subtait herewith a bill providing for the appointment of such a Board.

And, in connection with the same subject, we also present a bill to amend the law providing for the commutation of sentences for good behavior. The law of 1874, which provides for reducing the term of imprisonment two days each month, has, in the opinion of the committee, largely failed of its object, both from the reduction provided by the law and the manner in which it has been applied.

The object of the law was to present an incentive to good behavior; that the reduc-tion should only be earned by continued good conduct, with the danger of losing.

by insubordination, a part of all that had

But it has been the practice in Oahn Prison to give each prisoner, sentenced to more than three months, credit for the commutation of two days per month im-mediately upon his entering the prison. The number of months for which he is sentenced is multiplied by two, and a cor-

responding number of days is at once de ducted from his term. Very few, if any ever lose the commutation thus granted although breaches of the rules and disripline frequently occur.

The prison records show that during the

year ending March 31, 1888, 254 prisoners were punished for misconduct, but only one prisoner lost his commutation. The committee herewith submit a bill relating to matter of commutation of sen-tences, which they believe will better at-

tain the object sought than the law of 1874. Respectfully submitted, WILLIAM O. SMITH, HENRY S. TOWNSEND, A. S. WILCOX, A. P. KAPAEHAOLE, H. A. WIDEMANN,

Honolutu, March 31, 1888. Adonted. On motion of Noble Castle, the report was ordered to be printed.

EXPENSES OF SESSION. Noble Baldwin read the following report of the Finance Committee:

The Committee on Finance beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the bill introduced by Rep. Kalaukoa, entitled "An Act to appropriate money for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Legislative session of the year 1888 from the public Treasury." We recommend that the bill pass, with

the following amendment: The sum of \$40,000 to be changed to \$25,000. The expenses of the session of 1887 were as tollows: Pay of Representatives, \$6,000; mileage, \$527; translating, salaries, inci-dentals, the lump sum of \$3,909 70. Total

Pay of the Representatives and the amount for mileage will remain the same as last session. The only amounts that will be altered are the other expenses will be altered are the other expenses enumerated above, amounting to \$3,900 70. Multiplying this amount by four, which is a sum unlikely to be spent for the named purposes, we have \$15,638 80. Add pay of Representatives and mileage, \$6,527, we have \$22,165 80.

Your committee therefore think the um of \$25,000, the amount asked for by the Minister of Finance, is an ample sum to cover all possible contingencies.

H. P. Baldwin,

J. W. Kawainui,

A. S. Wilcox, H. A. Widemann, (Rep. Paris, being absent, did not sign Resolutions. The £15,000 matter. Moved

Whereas, His Excellency the Minister of Finance recommends in his biennial report that a special committee be ap-pointed to confer with the Cabinet with regard to what steps should be taken in the matter of the £15,000 illegally retained in London out of the proceeds of the £200,000 negotiated in that city, and the amount of £704 interest unaccounted for;

Resolved, That a special committee of five be appointed to confer with the Cabinet upon these matters. Adopted, The President appointed, in terms of the foregoing resolution, a committee consist-ing of Nobles Smith, Baldwin and Dowsett, Minister Green and Rep. Daniels. New Books for Members' Use. Noble

mith offered the following: Resolved. That all topies of law books supplied by the Minister of Interior to members be returned to the said Minister at the end of the session, and that the Sergeant-at-Arms require a receipt from each member for all such books, Adopted.

QUESTIONS TO MINISTERS.

The Cabie. Noble Smith asked the fol-owing of the Minister of Foreign Affairs: 1. Have any further steps been taken with regard to cable communication with oreign countries since the last session?

2. Has the Minister any recommends. tions to make leading to the encouragement of such con munication

The Samoan Mission, Rep. Paehaole asked the Misister of Finance about the property pertaining to the Samoan Mision, what it consisted of who sold the property, what prices were realized, where is the money representing the proceeds of the sale? Unpaid salaries of Judges. Rep. Kama-

noha asked the Attorney-General (1), if the appointment of Judge Dole was approved by the Ministers and his commission coun-tersigned by a Minister. (2) if so, what was the reason for withholding the salaries of the Judges appointed under the Act of 1880, from and after the 31st December last?

Pay of Police. Rep. Kalankoa asked the Attorney-General (1) why are not the police on different beats in Honolulu paid the same salaries, and (2) how long have the several policemen been in the service?
MINISTERS ANSWER QUESTIONS.

Minister Austin stated, in answer to the enquiries of Noble Smith, (1) that he had been in correspondence with persons engaged in the manufacture, laying and op-erating of cables, in various parts of the world, that some of the answers he would give have yet to come from abroad; (2) he toped to have, before the end of the sion, a full statement on this matter to lay been made, as authorized by the bill of last

Minister Ashford stated, in answer to the amister Ashoro states, in answer to the juestions of Rep. Kamanoha. (1) that the Cabinet had approved of Judge Dole's appointment. (2) that the correspondence published in the Chief Justice's report sets forth the reasons precisely why the salaries had not been paid, and further, the house, at last session, forbade any such payments. NEW BILLS.

Minister Thurston read, a first time: An Act to amend Article 51, chapter XXVI of the Civil Code, relating to the registration f conveyances.

The Minister moved that the bill be not crinted as the amendments were all con-ained in a few lines near the end of the The same Minister read, a first time, by

An Act relating to the property of mar-ried women. Referred to the printing committee. Noble Smith, for the committee on Pris-

Noble Smith, for the committee on Pris-ons, read, a first time, by title: An Act providing for Prison Inspectors and defining their duties and powers. An Act providing for the commutation of terms of imprisonment of prisoners in certain cases. Referred to the printing ORDER OF THE DAY.

Second readings. Rep. Kamauoha read, a second time, his bill repealing the dog

Noble Waterhouse moved the bill be re ferred to the judiciary committee. He wished to give the law vers a chance. Noble Castle moved it be indefinitely

Rep. Kamauoha moved it be referred to the finance committee. The motion to indefinitely postpone was out and carried.

Minister Thurston moved that the bill to cuttler upon Notaries Public the right to administer ouths and the bill to authorize the Chief Clerk of the Interior office to sign licenses, be withdrawn from the printing committee and placed on the order of the day. Carried.

The Notaries Public bill was read a

econd time and referred to the judiciary The bill to anthorize the Chief Clerk in the Interior office was read, a second time, passed to engrossment, and Monday next

set for third reading.

Rep. Kalaukoa's hill relating to the expenses of the session, amended, was read a second time, passed to engrossment, and the third reading fixed for Saturday. At 11:55 a.m., the house adjourned to 10 o'clock, Saturday morning. (Continued on page 2.) General Advertisements

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OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are Sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co. Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britian, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chem. CAUTION, -Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, andoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately unitue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1866.

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